

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN, LUCKNOW REGION
SESSION ENDING EXAM (2023-24)
CLASS: XI
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
MARKING SCHEME

SECTION-A

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C	B	A	B	A	D	D	B	B	A
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
D	C	B	A	B	B	C	C	A	D

SECTION-B

21	Forming correct relation between a and b a=2 b=-1	0.5 1 0.5
22	For each correct answer	0.5
23	tan5x=tan(3x+2x) $\tan 5x = \frac{\tan 3x + \tan 2x}{1 - \tan 3x \cdot \tan 2x}$ Cross multiplication and correct proof	0.5 0.5 1
24	Taking 4I's as one object and ways to arrange them=1 Total number of object taking 4I's as single object=8 in which 4S and 2P Number of distinct permutations= $\frac{8!}{4!2!}$ =840 OR Total number of vowels and consonant =5 , 4 Number of ways to select 2 vowels and 3 consonant=C(5,2)xC(4,3) Total number of required words= C(5,2)xC(4,3)x5! =4800	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5
25	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x}$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$ 0	0.5 1 0.5

SECTION-C

26	1-x>0 i.e. x<1 Domain=(-∞,1) Let y=f(x) and getting 1-x= $\frac{1}{y^2}$ Range=(0, ∞) OR	0.5 0.5 1 1
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	$2x-5 \neq 0$ $x \neq 5/2$ Domain = $\mathbb{R}-\{5/2\}$ Let $y=f(x)$ and getting $x=\frac{5y-2}{2y-3}$ Range = $\mathbb{R}-\{3/2\}$	0.5 0.5 1 1
27	$\frac{(1+2i)(1+i)}{2}$ $\frac{-1-3i}{2}$ $x = -\frac{1}{2}, y = -\frac{3}{2}$ $x+y=-2$	0.5 1 1 0.5
28	$x + x + 3 + 2x \leq 111$ $x \leq 27$ $2x \geq x + 3 + 5$ $x \geq 8$ Length of shortest piece 8 to 27	1 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5
29	$6^n = (1 + 5)^n$ For correct binomial expansion Expressing $6^n - 5n - 1 = 25\alpha$ for some natural value of α OR $C(5,0)(x^2)^5 + C(5,1)(x^2)^4\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^1 + C(5,2)(x^2)^3\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^2 + C(5,3)(x^2)^2\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^3$ $+ C(5,4)(x^2)^1\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^4 + C(5,5)\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^5$ $x^{10} + 15x^7 + 90x^4 + 270x + \frac{405}{x^2} + \frac{243}{x^5}$	0.5 1.5 1 1.5 1.5
30	$6h+4k=11$ $h-3k=11$ $h=7/2, k=-5/2$ $r^2=65/2$ $x^2+y^2-7x+5y-14=0$ OR For correct figure For correct equation of parabola $4a=125/3$ For correct length =43.1	1.5 0.5 1 1 1 0.5 1 0.5 1
31	For applying correct distance formula Transferring one square root term and correct squaring $4x^2+3y^2+4z^2=300$	1 1 1

SECTION-D

32	<p>Correct expression in terms of $\cos 2x$</p> $\frac{3}{2} - [\cos 2x + \cos(2x + \frac{2\pi}{3}) + \cos(2x - \frac{2\pi}{3})]$ $\frac{3}{2} - [\cos 2x + 2\cos 2x \cos \frac{2\pi}{3}]$ $\frac{3}{2} - [\cos 2x - \cos 2x]$ $3/2$	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
33	$a + b = 10\sqrt{ab}$ $\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})^2}{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})^2} = \frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}}$ <p>Squaring and for correct proof</p> <p>OR</p> <p>a+b=3, ab=p</p> <p>c+d=12, cd=q</p> <p>correct common ratio=2</p> <p>for correct proof</p>	<p>0.5</p> <p>1.5</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>0.5</p> <p>0.5</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>
34	<p>(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2\sin 3x \cos 2x + 2\sin 3x)}{x}$</p> $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\sin 3x(\cos 2x + 1)}{x}$ <p>12</p> <p>(b) For correct application of quotient rule</p> <p>For correct answer</p> <p>OR</p> <p>For correct formula of first principle</p> $\frac{d}{dx} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{\sin(3x + 3h)} - \sqrt{\sin 3x}}{h}$ $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(3x + 3h) - \sin 3x}{h \cdot 2\sqrt{\sin 3x}}$ $= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\cos(3x + \frac{3h}{2})\sin \frac{3h}{2}}{h \cdot 2\sqrt{\sin 3x}}$ $= \frac{3 \cos 3x}{2\sqrt{\sin 3x}}$	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
35	<p>For correct formation of table</p> <p>Mean=107</p> <p>Variance=2276</p> <p>SD=47.71</p>	<p>1.5</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>0.5</p>

SECTION-E

36	(a)-1/2	1
	(b) $x-2y+4=0$	2
	(c)(4,4)	1
37	(a) $C(8,3) \times C(6,2)$	1
	840	1
	(b) $C(8,4) \times C(6,1)$	1
	420	1
	Or	1
	$C(8,5)$	1
56		
38	21/25	1
	4/25	2
	3/25	1