# Warming Up!

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1. (A) Fill in the Acrosti	c with names of things related to Nature.
В	
E	
A	
U	
T	
Υ	
(B) Make a list of 10 w	vords related to the word 'joy', for example, happiness.
1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9
5	10
(1)	unforgettable scenes that left a deep impact on you.
(3)	
(4)	
3. 'Meter' in poetry is a gives rhythm to the p  Read the poem below	pattern of stressed and unstressed syllables in lines of a poem. It
	THE steadfast coursing of the stars,
	The waves that ripple to the shore,
	The vigorous trees which year by year
	Spread upwards more and more ;

The waves that ripple to the shore,
The vigorous trees which year by year
Spread upwards more and more;
The jewel forming in the mine,
The snow that falls so soft and light,
The rising and the setting sun,
The growing glooms of night,
All natural things both live and move
In natural peace that is their own;
Only in our disordered life
Almost is she unknown.

#### 4. Consonance and Assonance

**Consonance :** Repetition of consonant sounds within a word, phrase or a short sentence. For example : pitter-patter/ chuckle-fickle/ sick-duck/ Betty bought some bitter butter

**Assonance :** Repetition of vowel sounds within a word/ phrase/ sentence.

For example: Jack had a bag.

Men sell metal- kettle.

Let the engineer steer without fear.

(Note: Here, the focus is on pronunciation and not on the spellings of words.)

From the above poem pick out examples of consonance and of assonance within words/phrases.



## A Thing of Beauty is a Joy For Ever

**John Keats** (1795-1821) an English poet was one of the most popular of all British Romantic Poets. His poems are characterised by imagery from nature, that appealed to one's senses.

The present poem is the first stanza of a longer poem 'Endymion' based on Greek Mythology.' The first line has become proverbial. The poem was first published in 1818.



A thing of beauty is a joy for ever:

Its loveliness increases; it will never

Pass into nothingness; but still will keep

A bower quiet for us, and a sleep

Full of sweet dreams, and health and quiet breathing.

Therefore, on every morrow, are we wreathing

A flowery band to bind us to the earth,

Spite of despondence, of the inhuman dearth

Of noble natures, of the gloomy days,

Of all the unhealthy and o'er-darkened ways

Made for our searching : yes, in spite of all,

Some shape of beauty moves away the pall

From our dark spirits. Such the sun, the moon,

Trees old, and young, sprouting a shady **boon** 

For simple sheep; and such are daffodils

With the green world they live in; and clear rills

That for themselves a cooling **covert** make

'Gainst the hot season; the mid forest brake,

Rich with a sprinkling of fair musk-rose blooms:

And such too is the grandeur of the **dooms** 

We have imagined for the mighty dead;

All lovely tales that we have heard or read:

An endless fountain of immortal drink

Pouring unto us from the heaven's **brink**.

bower: a pleasant shady place under trees or climbing plants

• morrow: the following day

wreathing: (here,)
weaving with flowers

spite of despondence :in spite of despoir

dearth: shortage

• pall: a sheet spread over the dead

boon : gift

• rills : streams

List the things of beauty mentioned in the poem.

 List the things that cause suffering and pain.

covert: (here,) shade

brake (Archaic): ferns

dooms: last day of existence known or displayed

brink : edge



Nor do we merely feel these essences

For one short hour; no, even as the trees

That whisper round a temple become soon

Dear as the temple's self, so does the moon,

The passion **poesy**, glories infinite,

Haunt us till they become a cheering light

Unto our souls, and bound to us so fast,

That, whether there be shine, or gloom **o'ercast** 

They always must be with us, or we die.

- John Keats

#### ENGLISH WORKSHOP

### 1. Read the poem and fill in the table.

Sr. No.	Expressions of Beauty (joy)	Expressions of sorrow
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

### 2. Answer in your own words.

- (a) What is the impact of a beautiful thing on us?
- (b) What does a thing of beauty keep in store, for us?
- (c) Who are the mighty dead? Why are they attributed with 'grandeur'?
- (d) How does the memory of a beautiful visual scene become a joy forever?

### 3. Pick out and rewrite 5 lines that contain Imagery.

For example: (a) we are wreathing a flower	ery band
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	
(e)	

# 4. Choose the correct Figure of Speech that occurs in the following lines. Justify your choice.

(a) .		but still we	keep a bov	ver quiet for u	1S
(	i) Simile	(ii) ]	Irony	(iii) Mo	etaphor

(b) Some sha	pe of beauty moves aw	vay the pal	l	
(i) Person	ification (ii) Allitera	ation	(iii) Hyperbole	
(c) A thing of	f beauty is a joy for eve	er	······	
(i) Epigran	m (ii) Antithe	esis	(iii) Climax	
(d) Trees old	and young, sprouting o	a shady bo	on.	
(i) Exclan	nation (ii) Personi	ification	(iii) Antithesis	
5. From the po	em pick out words the	at we do n	ot use often in mod	lern times. They
should matc	h the meanings given	below.		
(a) gift		(f) edge		
(b) the next d	lay	(g) depr	ression	
(c) a protective	ve spot	(h) cove	er for the dead	
(for animo	als)			
(d) a cool sho	ady spot	(i) strea	ms	
under tall	trees			
(e) ferns		(j) poeti	у	
6. Copy the first	st 8 lines and mark the	e stressed	syllables using a co	oloured pen.
7. Read the poo	em and write —			
(a) The rhym	e scheme of the follow	ing lines.		
Lines 1 to	0 8			
Last stan	za			
(b) (i) The nu	umber of stressed syllab	oles (Rhyth	m) in the line.	
A thing	g of beauty is a joy fore	ever		
(ii) Does	the poem retain a stead	ly rhythm t	hroughout?	
(c) Give four	examples of each. Picl	k the lines	from the poem.	
(i) Conso	onance:			
(1)		(2)		
(3)		(4)		
(ii) Assor	nance:			
(3)		(4)		
8. Go through	the poem again and w	rite in you	ır notebook an app	reciation of the
poem in the	paragraph format. (R	lefer to pa	ge no. 5)	
9. Project :				ES CASE
Collect from	various sources prov	erbs or mo	axims related	

to 'beauty of nature.' Make a chart/ poster with the same. Decorate it with images, drawings, pictures and put it up by turns in your class.



