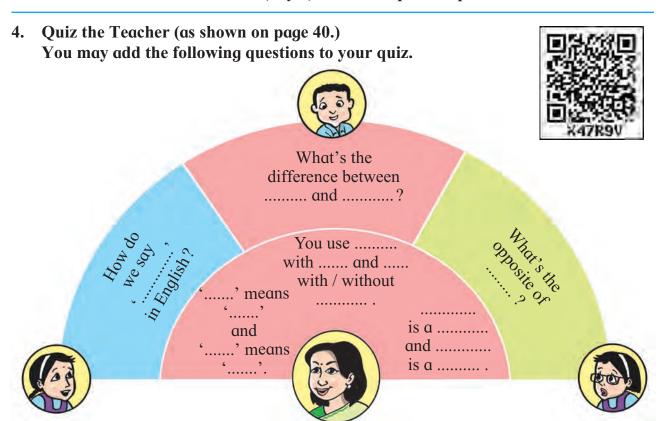


### **POINTERS**

- 1. Guess the meaning of \* amazing \* celebrated \* crackers \* paper lantern.
- 2. List the important points from each paragraph of the letter.
- 3. List the festivals we celebrate (any 5) and the important parts of their celebration.



## 5. Discuss the following:

- (a) Which festivals do we celebrate on a large scale?
- (b) Choose any one festival and decide which parts of the festival are eco-friendly and which are not eco-friendly. (See page 63.)
- (c) What can we do to celebrate festivals in an eco-friendly way?
- 6. Think of a modern festival and new ways of celebrating it, for example A Reading Festival.

# 7. Read the following sentences:

- \* We are going to make a beautiful paper lantern at home.
- \* I am going to make a model of Fort Raigad.

Note that the phrases 'We are going to .....', 'I am going to .....' show future plans. Complete the following sentences meaningfully.

- \* My grandmother is going to ......

8. Write a letter to your friend / cousin using the following format.

Date Place	
My Dear	
Hi/Hello. Thanks for your letter./ I received your letter. It was nice to know that	
Yours, / Yours lovingly,	
	3

#### 9. Read and remember:

Eco-friendly: Eco-friendly means not harmful to the environment. When something is eco-friendly, it is good for the earth, for human beings and all other living things on earth. It does not pollute or damage air, water, soil or land.

In what ways can you do something that is eco-friendly? How can you be an eco-friendly person yourself? To be eco-friendly, you use resources like food, water, electricity carefully, without wasting them. You avoid using toxic chemicals and materials like plastic. You help to grow more trees and care for the animals in your neighbourhood.

## **Celebrate Holi with Natural Colours**

Grate a couple of medium sized beetroots and soak them in a little water. After a while, you will get a beautiful dark pink-red colour. Add it to a bucketful of water.

Keep the petals of the *palas* (flame of the forest) flowers in water for a few hours. You will get a very pretty orange colour. The red *jaswand* (hibiscus) flowers will give a deep red colour.

Dry the petals of *zendu* (marigold) flowers – in shade. Then you can powder them to get a dry colour powder. You can add this powder to water, to get a wet colour.

Dry the leaves of neem, mint, coriander, spinach, etc. in shade to get a dry green powder. If you crush or grind the fresh green

leaves you get a green paste. If you add the paste to water, you get green water!

Talk to your mother to find out what other things in the kitchen can give you safe natural colours!